WHEREN PROTECTION	
Same Course	
FLORIDA	

PERCHLOROETHYLENE DRY CLEANERS



## **COMPLIANCE INSPECTION CHECKLIST**

INSPECTION TYPE: ANNUAL (INS1, INS2) RE-INSPECTION (FUI)	COMPLAINT/DISCOVERY (CI)						
AIRS ID#: 0150059 DATE: <u>01-10-2013</u>	ARRIVE: <u>2:20 p.m.</u> DEPART: <u>4:00 p.m.</u>						
FACILITY NAME: LAFRANCE CLEANERS							
<b>FACILITY LOCATION:</b> 4435 TAMIAMI TRAIL							
PORT CHARLOTTE 339	980-2123						
OWNER/AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE: SCOT Email: LaFranceDryCleaners@yahoo.com CONTACT NAME: John Algar Email: LaFranceDryCleaners@yahoo.com ENTITLEMENT PERIOD: 4/30/2011 / 4/30/2016 (effective date) (end date)	T GOULD PHONE: (941)627-6969 Mobile: PHONE: (941)219-2501 Mobile:						
۲ <u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>							
	PART I: INSPECTION COMPLIANCE STATUS (check ☑ only one box)         □ IN COMPLIANCE       ☑ MINOR Non-COMPLIANCE						
PART II:FACILITY CLASSIFICATION (check $\Box$ only one box in A)- Rule 62-21A. 1.Existing small area source dry-to-dry only, x < 140 gal/yr transfer only, x < 200 gal/yr both types, x < 140 gal/yr (constructed before 12/9/91)-3.Existing large area source dry-to-dry only, 140 $\leq$ x $\leq$ 2,100 gal/yr transfer only, 200 $\leq$ x $\leq$ 1,800 gal/yr both types, 140 $\leq$ x $\leq$ 1,800 gal/yr (constructed before 12/9/91)5.Ineligible for General Permit d rop store/out of business/petroleum / facility exceeds above limits	<b>2.</b> New small area source dry-to-dry only, $x < 140$ gal/yr transfer only, $x < 200$ gal/yr both types, $x < 140$ gal/yr (constructed on or after 12/9/91) <b>4.</b> New large area source dry-to-dry only, $140 \le x \le 2,100$ gal/yr transfer only, $200 \le x \le 1,800$ gal/yr both types, $140 \le x \le 1,800$ gal/yr (constructed on or after 12/9/91)						

**B**. The sum of the volume of all perchloroethylene (perc) purchases made in each of the previous 12 months by this dry cleaning facility was 289.50 gallons.

PART III: <u>GENERAL CONTROL REQUIREMENTS</u> – Rule 62-213.300 FAC		```	check ☑ x for each	only one question)
1. Is all perc, and wastes containing perc, in tightly sealed & impervious containers?		Yes	🛛 No	N/A
2. Are all perc. containers leak free ?		Yes	🛛 No	N/A
3. Are all machine doors kept closed and secured except during loading/unloading?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	
<ol> <li>Are cartridge filters d rained in their housing or in sealed containers for at least 24 hours prior to disposal?</li> </ol>	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
5. Has each dry cleaning system installed after December 21, 2005 at an area source, routed the air-PCE gas-vapor stream contained within each dry cleaning machine through a refrigerated condenser and passed the air-PCE gas-vapor stream from inside the dry cleaning machine drum through a non-vented carbon adsorber or equivalent control device immediately before the door of the dry cleaning machine is opened? The carbon adsorber must be desorbed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.		Yes	□ No	N/A
<ul> <li>6. Is solvent-to-carbon ratios and steam pressure for carbon adsorber beds maintain according to the manufacturer's specifications?</li> </ul>		Yes	□ No	
PART IV: <u>PROCESS VENT CONTROLS</u> – Rule 62-213.300 FAC				

(Refer to Part II-A.1.-4. Classification: page <u>1</u> of <u>4</u>, this form)

1. If the f acility classification is an existing small area source, no controls are required. Proceed to Part V.

2. If the facility classification is a <u>new small area source</u>, the machine should be equipped with a refrigerated condenser. Complete section A. below.

3. If the fa cility classification is an **existing large area source**, the machine should be equipped with either a refrigerated condenser or a carbon adsorber . **Complete both sections A and B below.** *Carbon adsorber must have been installed prior to September 22, 1993* 

4. If the facility classification is a <u>new large area source</u>, the machine should be equipped with a refrigerated condenser. Complete both sections A and B below.

A.	Has the responsible official of all <u>existing large area &amp; new sources</u> :		```	check ☑ x for each c	only one question)
1.	Equipped all machines with the appropriate vent controls?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	
2.	Equipped dry-to-dry machines with a closed-loop vapor venting system?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
3.	Equipped the condenser with a diverter valve so airflow will be directed away from the condenser upon opening the door?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
4.	Measured and recorded the temperature of the outlet exhaust stream of a refrigerated condenser on a weekly basis?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
5.	Repaired or adjusted the equipment within 24 hours if the exhaust temperature of the condenser exceeded $45^{\circ}$ F?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
6.	Conducted all temperature monitoring after an appropriate cool-down period and after verifying that the coolant had been completely charged?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	

PA	PART IV: PROCESS VENT CONTROLS – Rule 62-213.300 FAC (continued)				
<b>B.</b> 1.	For all existing large or new large area sources: Is the exhaust temperature on the outlet side of the condenser located on dry-to-dry, reclaimer, and dryer machines measured and recorded on a weekly basis?	$\bowtie$	Yes	🗌 No	
2.	Is the washer exhaus t temperature at the condenser inlet and outlet measured and recorded weekly? a) Is the temperature differential equal to, or greater than 20° F?		Yes Yes	D No	N/A N/A
3.	Is the perc concentration in the exhaust stream inlet and outlet measured weekly at the end of the final drying cycle while the machine is venting to the adsorber, if machines are equipped exclusively with a carbon adsorber?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
	a) Is the perc concentration equal to, or less than 100 ppm?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
4.	Is the sampling port on the carbon adsorber exhaust for measuring perc concentrations at least 8 duct diameters downstream of any bend, contraction, or expansion; is at least 2 duct diameters upstream from any bend, contraction, or expansion; and downstream from no other inlet?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
5.	Are transfer machines equipped (dryers, reclaimers, and washers) with individual condenser coils?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
6.	Is airflow routed to the carbon adsorber (if used) at all times?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A

PA	ART V: <u>RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS</u> – Rule 62-213.300(3) FAC			check 🗹 x for each c	only one question)
1.	Are receipts maintained for all perc purchased?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	
2.	Are rolling monthly total s of yearly perc consumption maintained ?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	
3.	Are leak detection inspection and repair reports maintained for the following:				
	a) Of any leaks repaired w/in 24 hrs? or;		Yes	🛛 No	N/A
	b) Of any parts ordered to repair leak and leak repaired w/in 2 days and parts installed w/in 5 days of receipt?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
4.	Is calibration data maintained for applicable direct reading instruments?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
5.	Is exhaust duct monitoring data on perc concentrations maintained?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A
6.	Is a startup/shutdown/malfunction plan maintained for each machine?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	
7.	Are deviation reports maintained?		Yes	🛛 No	N/A
	a) Problem corrected?	$\boxtimes$	Yes	🗌 No	N/A
8.	Is a compliance plan maintained, if applicable?		Yes	🗌 No	N/A

P	ART VI: <u>LEAK DETECTION AND REPAIRS</u> – Rule 62-213.300 FAC	(check 🗹 or	nly one
1.	What type of leak detection equipment is used to detect leaks?	box for each que	estion)
	Halogenated hydrocarbon detector PCE gas analyzer None used		
2.	Is the halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer operated according to		
	the manufacturer's instructions (manual was available and RO could demonstrate		
	procedure) ? 🖂	Yes 🗌 No	
3.	For major sources is the halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer		
	operated according to EPA Method 21 ?	Yes 🗌 No 💈	N/A
4.	Is the vapor leak inspection conducted by placing the probe inlet at the surface of		
	each component interface where leakage could occur and moving it slowly along		
	the interface periphery?	Yes 🗌 No	
5.	Is the PCE gas analyzer a flame ionization detector, photo ionization detector, or		
	infrared analyzer capable of detecting vapor concentrations of PCE of 25 parts per		
	million by volume (based on documented specifications) ?	Yes 🗌 No [	N/A
6.	Is the halogenated hydrocarbon detector capable of detecting vapor concentrations		
	of PCE of 25 parts per million by volume (based on documented specifications) and		
	indicating a concentration of 25 parts per million by volume or greater by emitting		
	an audible or visual signal that varies as the concentration changes? $\dots$	Yes 🗌 No [	N/A
7.	Are the following dry cleaning system components inspected weekly for perceptible leaks (sight, sn	nell or touch) while th	ne
	system is in operation (§63.322(k))?		
	(Inspection with a halogenated hydrocarbon detector or PCE gas analyzer also fulfills the requirement for insp	pection of perceptible le	eaks)
	b) Door gaskets and seating Xes No N/A h) Stills Xes No		N/A N/A N/A N/A
8.	Are the following dry cleaning system components inspected monthly for vapor leaks using a halog	genated hydrocarbon of	letector
	or PCE gas analyzer while the system is in operation? (Any inspection conducted according to this parag	graph shall satisfy the	
	requirements to conduct an inspection for perceptible leaks under $(3.322(k) \text{ or } (l))$		
	b) Door gaskets and seating       Xes       No       N/A       N)       Stills         c) Filter gaskets and seating       Xes       No       N/A       i)       Exhaust dampers	Yes    No    Yes    No    Yes    No    Yes    No    Yes    No	N/A N/A N/A N/A

PART VI: LEAK DETECTION AND REPAIRS – Rule 62-213.300 FAC (continued)						
<ul> <li>9. What evidence suggests that leak checks are performed as required?</li> <li></li></ul>						
Laura M. Comer and Robert Stewart	01-10-13					
Inspector's Name (Please Print)	Date of Inspection					
Inspector's Signature	Approximate Date of Next Inspection					
calendar were not available for inspection and the plant manage plant manager on-site 1/10/2013 to complete the inspection ar Part III. 1) On 1/7 <sup>th</sup> two drums of perc containing sludge were the drums noted to be tightly sealed on 1/10 <sup>th</sup> . Part III.2) Separator water discharges from the dc machine vi to be overflowing into the dc machine secondary containment Part V.2) The owner is keeping rolling monthly totals but the purchase receipts and did not include the purchase dates. A c calendar and the recordkeeping requirement was reviewed with Part V.3.a) Mr. Algar demonstrated the use of the hydrocarbon air filter gasket assembly. During the site visit, Mr. Algar ope	e observed to be closed but not tightly sealed. This was corrected and ia a tube into a one gallon container. On $1/7^{\text{th}}$ this container was noted t. This was corrected prior to the $1/10^{\text{th}}$ site visit. purchases reflected on the calendar were not consistent with the corrected 12 month rolling total was entered in the January 2013					
During the $1/7^{th}$ inspection, a hose was observed bringing water into the dc machine and another discharging to the sewer clean out connection. Mr. Gould indicated the water was cooling the dc machine but deferred to Mr. Algar for further explanation. The compliance calendar was not available at that time to look for further explanation. On $1/10^{th}$ Mr. Algar indicated that the cooling system for the refrigerated condensor has not functioned since October 2012. The RC is operating but non-contact tap water is being passed through (discharging to sewer) to cool the refrigeration unit. The water is turned on when the machine is running. The cool down cycle was observed during the inspection, the RC noted to come on, and the gauge indicated the exhaust temperature was in the low 30s at the end of the cycle. Mr. Algar acknowledged that this process uses a lot of water and has resulted in a significant increase in water and sewer charges. He indicated this is a temporary solution until the facility can afford to replace the RC (~\$9,000).						
shutdown, malfunction plan. (The operation manual may serv which is inconsistent with standard operating procedure, the o Department during facility inspections. The facility reported	tipment in accordance with the procedures noted in the startup, ve as the startup/shutdown/malfunction plan). If any action is taken owner or operator shall record and report the actions taken to the the deviation in the cooling equipment during the inspection. This (a notation on the compliance calendar or description of the problem).					

The facility has implemented an alternative procedure which appears to be sufficientlycooling the exhaust temperature. Does the facility have a plan or schedule for returning the unit to operation according to the manufacturer's recommendations?